[10th March 1934

Compulsion in the enlistment of members to the Andhra Saraswat Sangham, Ceded Districts College, Anantapur.

* 767 *Q.*—Mr. U. C. SUBRAHMANYA BHATT: Will the Hon. the Minister for Education and Excise be pleased to state—

(*a*) whether it is a fact that a sangham called the Andhra Saraswat Sangham has been started in the Ceded Districts College, Anantapur, and that every student of the College is compelled to be a subscribed member of the same whether he is an Andhra or a Kannada student; and

(*b*) what action the Government propose to take in the matter?

A.—(*a*) The Andhra Saraswat Sangham with a branch named the Kannada Sahitya Sangham has been in existence for some time past. An annual subscription of eight annas is being collected from each student of the College since 1928–29.

(*b*) The Government do not feel called upon to take any action as the funds of the sangham are used for the encouragement of the study not only of Telugu but of all the other second languages taught in the College.

Mr. U. C. SUBRAHMANYA BHATT:—" May I know whether the Government are going to take any action and if so what, in order to prevent the College authorities from insisting on the Kannada students joining this Association? "

The Hon. Diwan Bahadur S. KUMARASWAMI REDDIYAR:—" Kanarese students are willingly joining this Association, because there is a Kanarese branch also."

UNSTARRED QUESTIONS

Irrigation.

Publication of letter No. 137/E-1, dated the 29th March 1927, from the Superintending Engineer to the Chief Engineer and later orders and reports.

768 *Q.*—Rao Sahib V. DHARMALINGAM PILLAI: Will the Hon. the Member for Revenue be pleased to lay on the table of the House the copy of a letter, No. 137/E-1, dated 29th March 1927, from the Superintending Engineer to the Chief Engineer and copy of the Proceedings of the Chief Engineer, No. 749 of 1927, dated 26th May 1928, as also the copy of the report of the Tahsildar, dated 23rd October 1930, to the Subdivisional Officer?

A.—The Government do not consider it necessary to place on the table the papers mentioned.

10th March 1934]

Education.

Admission of candidates into the Training College at Rajahmundry on communal basis.

769 *Q*.—Mr. C. Indrayya: Will the Hon. the Minister for Education and Excise be pleased to state—

(*a*) the total number of applications received for the B.Ed. course in the Training College at Rajahmundry for the years 1932–33 and 1933–34;

(*b*) the number of candidates selected;

(*c*) the proportion of Hindu non-Brahmans selected to Brahmans; and

(*d*) what the percentage fixed by the Government is with regard to admission of candidates on communal basis?

A.—(*a*) The number of applications received was 476 in 1932–33 and 428 in 1933–34.

(*b*) & (*c*) The hon. Member is referred to the answers given to clauses (*a*) and (*f*) of question No. 262 at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 1st November 1933.

(*d*) No percentage has been fixed by the Government.

[*Note*.—An asterisk (*) at the commencement of a speech indicates revision by the Member.]

II.—VOTING OF DEMANDS FOR GRANTS FOR 1934–35.

* The Hon. the President:—" The House will now proceed with the discussion of Demands for Grants."

DEMAND I—LAND REVENUE—RESERVED.

* The Hon. Sir Archibald Campbell:—" Mr. President, Sir, on the recommendation of His Excellency the Governor, I beg to move—

' *that the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs.* 18,24,800 *under Demand I—Land Revenue—Reserved.*' "

* Rao Bahadur T. A. Ramalingam Chettiyar:—" Mr. President, Sir, during the general discussion of the Budget, in response to the reiterated demands of non-official Members, the Hon. the Revenue Member was pleased to say that so far as resettlement operations were concerned the Government had come to the conclusion that the complicated process which had been adopted so far would be given up. But up to now we have not been enlightened as to the exact procedure which the Government want to adopt in regard to the resettlement operations that are going to take place hereafter. Resettlement operations have been a matter of considerable discussion in this House and many representations have been made to the Government both on the floor of this House and outside in the districts to the effect that the complicated process of resettlement now in vogue should be given up as it is unnecessary at least so far as the districts already settled once are concerned.